



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

<http://cnvc-cnvc.ca>

Forest / Forêt

Association CNVC00237

**Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi**  
Paper Birch / Early Lowbush Blueberry – Sheep Laurel / Red-stemmed Feathermoss  
Bouleau à papier / Bleuet à feuilles étroites – Kalmia à feuilles étroites / Pleurozie dorée

**Subassociations:** 237a *Alnus viridis*, 237b *Rhododendron groenlandicum*, 237c *Vaccinium angustifolium*, 237d *Pleurozium schreberi*, 237e *Kalmia angustifolia*

**CNVC Alliance:** CA00011 Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium / Pleurozium schreberi

**CNVC Group:** CG0006 Ontario-Quebec Boreal Mesic-Moist Black Spruce (Jack Pine) Forest



Source: B. Meades

## Type Description

**Concept:** CNVC00237 is a boreal hardwood forest Association that occurs in Quebec and on insular Newfoundland. It has a closed canopy dominated by paper birch (*Betula papyrifera*), usually with a minor component of black spruce (*Picea mariana*) and/or balsam fir (*Abies balsamea*). The well-developed to dense shrub layer includes regeneration of these tree species as well as serviceberries (*Amelanchier* spp.) and green alder (*Alnus viridis*), along with the heath species velvet-leaved blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtilloides*), early lowbush blueberry (*V. angustifolium*), common Labrador tea (*Rhododendron groenlandicum*) and sheep laurel (*Kalmia angustifolia*). The herb layer can vary from poorly developed to dense and usually includes low cover of bunchberry (*Cornus canadensis*), wild lily-of-the-valley (*Maianthemum canadense*), yellow clintonia (*Clintonia borealis*), northern starflower (*Lysimachia borealis*) and creeping snowberry (*Gaultheria hispida*). Moss layer development is poor to moderate, usually consisting of patches of red-stemmed feathermoss (*Pleurozium schreberi*). CNVC00237 occurs in a region with a humid to very humid, continental to maritime boreal climate, usually on mesic, nutrient-poor to medium sites. It is an early seral condition that typically follows fire. There are five subassociations: *Alnus viridis*, *Rhododendron groenlandicum*, *Vaccinium angustifolium*, *Pleurozium schreberi* and *Kalmia angustifolia*.

**Vegetation:** CNVC00237 is a hardwood forest Association with a closed canopy of *Betula papyrifera*. *Picea mariana* and/or *Abies balsamea* are often present but low in cover. Regeneration of these tree species is common and sometimes dominant in the well-developed to dense shrub layer, along with the ericaceous species *Vaccinium angustifolium*, *V. myrtilloides*, *Rhododendron groenlandicum* and *Kalmia angustifolia*, and sometimes *Amelanchier* spp. and *Alnus viridis*. The herb layer can be poorly developed to dense. It usually includes at least low cover of *Cornus canadensis*, *Maianthemum canadense*, *Clintonia borealis*, *Lysimachia borealis* and *Gaultheria hispida*. Because of abundant broad-leaf litter, the moss layer is only poorly to moderately developed, consisting mainly of patches of *Pleurozium schreberi*, with minor cover of *Dicranum* and *Polytrichum* mosses and *Cladina* and *Cladonia* lichens.

Five subassociations are recognized. The *Alnus viridis* subassociation has *A. viridis* dominant in the shrub layer. *Pteridium aquilinum* is sometimes locally abundant in this subassociation. The *Rhododendron groenlandicum* subassociation has a shrub layer dominated by *R. groenlandicum* and *K. angustifolia*. The *Vaccinium angustifolium* subassociation has a shrub layer dominated by *V. angustifolium* and *V. myrtilloides*. The *Pleurozium schreberi* subassociation has a more open shrub layer than all other subassociations and a prominent moss layer. The *Kalmia angustifolia* subassociation has *K. angustifolia* dominant with, at most, low cover of *R. groenlandicum* in the shrub layer and patches of *Lycopodium annotinum* in the herb layer.

		Soil Nutrient Regime		
		Poor	Medium	Rich
Soil Moisture Regime	Dry			
	Mesic			
	Moist			
	Wet			



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### Type Description (cont'd)

**Environment:** CNVC00237 occurs in a humid to very humid, continental to maritime-influenced boreal climate. It is usually on mesic, nutrient-poor to medium sites. Stands are commonly on gentle to moderately steep slopes on water-shedding, middle to upper-slope or crest topopositions. Soils are usually moderately deep, well drained and coarse-textured; often they are loams or sands derived from morainal parent materials. Less frequently, soils can be shallow over bedrock. Mor humus forms are prevalent. CNVC00237 occurs where regional fire cycles are intermediate (100-270 years) or long (270-500 years).

The various subassociations have similar site characteristics, except the *Pleurozium schreberi* subassociation is more common on cooler, north or east-facing aspects.

**Dynamics:** CNVC00237 is an early seral condition that typically establishes after fire when conifer regeneration is inadequate because of poor seed supply or poor seedbed conditions. *Betula papyrifera* is a pioneer species adapted to disturbance. It produces abundant, light, wind-dispersed seeds that can readily colonize mineral soil seedbeds exposed by disturbance and can reproduce vegetatively from stump sprouts. It grows rapidly in full-light conditions but is intolerant of shade so does not replace itself in a stand without further disturbance.

*Picea mariana* can also recolonize after fire. It has cones that open when heated to release seeds, and it germinates well on a seedbed where fire has reduced the organic material and exposed mineral soil. If it establishes at the same time as *B. papyrifera*, CNVC00214 [*Picea mariana – Betula papyrifera / Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*] can form. Often CNVC00237 and CNVC00214 co-exist spatially in a landscape matrix. *P. mariana* is slower growing but longer lived and self replacing in the absence of fire so can become dominant as the *B. papyrifera* declines. *Abies balsamea* can also become established in these stands if seeds are disseminated from nearby areas. Once established, it is highly shade tolerant and self replacing. In the absence of further disturbance, these stands could succeed to CNVC00217 [*Picea mariana – Abies balsamea / Rhododendron groenlandicum / Pleurozium schreberi*].

**Range:** CNVC00237 occurs in the boreal regions of Quebec and insular Newfoundland. It is most common in western Quebec but extends to the Lower North Shore of the Gulf of Saint Lawrence near the Little Mecatina River and occurs in the Gaspé region and the northeastern part of insular Newfoundland. The *Alnus viridis*, *Rhododendron groenlandicum*, *Vaccinium angustifolium* and *Pleurozium schreberi* subassociations are described from Quebec. The *Kalmia angustifolia* subassociation is described from Newfoundland.

### Conservation Status (NatureServe)

**Global Conservation Rank:** no applicable rank

**National Conservation Rank:** not yet determined

**Subnational Conservation Rank:** not yet determined



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## Distribution

Countries: Canada

Provinces / Territories / States: Newfoundland and Labrador, Quebec

**Terrestrial Ecozones and Ecoregions of Canada:** Atlantic Highlands: Appalachians; Boreal Shield: Abitibi Plains, Central Laurentians, Central Newfoundland, Lake Timiskaming Lowland, Mecatina Plateau, Rivière Rupert Plateau, Southern Laurentians; Taiga Shield: Smallwood Reservoir-Michikamau

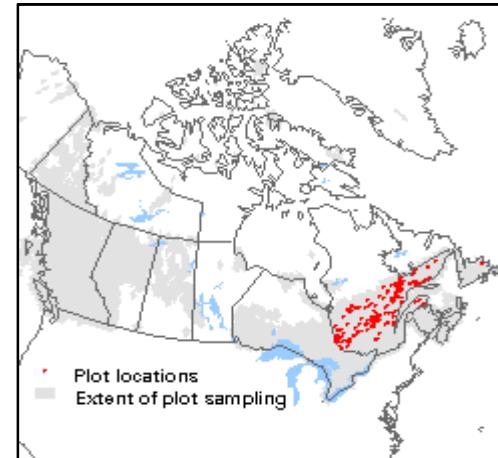
**Rowe's Forest Regions and Sections of Canada:** Boreal: Chibougamau-Natashquan, Gaspé, Gouin, Grand Falls, Laurentide-Onatchiway, Missinaibi-Cabonga, Northeastern Transition, Northern Clay; Great Lakes-St. Lawrence: Algonquin-Pontiac, Haileybury Clay, Laurentian, Saguenay, Timagami

**NAAEC CEC Ecoregions of North America (Levels I & II):** Northern Forests: Atlantic Highlands, Mixed Wood Shield, Softwood Shield; Taiga: Taiga Shield

**Nature Conservancy of Canada Ecoregions:** Boreal Shield, Eastern Taiga Shield, Northern Appalachians-Acadia

**Bioclimatic Domains and Subdomains of Québec:** 3 Est, 3 Ouest, 4 Est, 4 Ouest, 5 Est, 5 Ouest, 6 Est, 6 Ouest

**Ecoregions of Newfoundland:** Central Newfoundland



## Corresponding Types and Associations

237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>	Quebec	QC101A	<i>Betula papyrifera / Alnus viridis - Vaccinium spp.</i> [ <i>Alnus viridis</i> ]
237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	Quebec	QC101B	<i>Betula papyrifera / Alnus viridis - Vaccinium spp.</i> [ <i>Ledum groenlandicum</i> ]
237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>	Quebec	QC101C	<i>Betula papyrifera / Alnus viridis - Vaccinium spp.</i> [ <i>Vaccinium spp.</i> ]
237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	Quebec	QC102	<i>Betula papyrifera / Cornus canadensis / Pleurozium schreberi</i>
237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	Newfoundland and Labrador	W Bk	Western: <i>Kalmia</i> - birch forest



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## Vegetation Summary\*

Species Name <sup>†</sup>	Association CNVC00237		Subassociation 237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>		Subassociation 237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	
	157 plots		65 plots		25 plots	
	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>
<b>Overstory Trees</b>						
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	47	100	47	100	45	100
<i>Picea mariana</i>	9	79	10	92	11	76
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	6	65	6	58	5	56
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	10	46	12	57	6	44
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	5	27	6	37	5	24
<i>Picea glauca</i>	5	18	15	3	3	8
<i>Pinus banksiana</i>	11	15	8	20	15	32
<i>Sorbus americana</i>	4	13	3	23	3	4
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	6	11	8	6	-	-
Tree Stratum Cover (P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> ) <sup>‡</sup>	(36 50 68 86 99)		(49 53 70 86 99)		(36 49 64 83 86)	
<b>Understory Woody Shrubs and Regenerating Trees</b>						
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	7	90	4	80	10	100
<i>Picea mariana</i>	9	87	8	92	8	84
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	13	85	6	80	10	68
<i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>	8	78	6	83	11	80
<i>Vaccinium myrtilloides</i>	9	75	7	75	16	92
<i>Amelanchier sp.</i>	8	69	12	89	3	56
<i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	14	66	14	72	25	92
<i>Alnus viridis</i>	23	62	31	91	12	60
<i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	15	59	13	63	36	76
<i>Salix sp.</i>	5	54	5	69	7	68
<i>Sorbus americana</i>	4	45	4	60	6	20
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	4	39	4	43	4	56
<i>Ilex mucronata</i>	4	36	4	46	3	36
<i>Ribes glandulosum</i>	2	36	2	43	2	12
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	3	34	3	40	3	32
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	4	29	4	34	4	16
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	4	27	5	34	6	16
<i>Viburnum nudum</i>	8	25	12	32	4	16
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	4	22	4	22	2	12
<i>Picea glauca</i>	4	17	4	9	4	4
<i>Viburnum edule</i>	4	17	5	18	3	16
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	7	14	9	9	2	4
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	3	13	5	11	-	-
<i>Alnus incana</i>	7	11	3	5	6	20
<i>Corylus cornuta</i>	4	9	2	5	3	4
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	3	5	-	-	-	-
Shrub Stratum Cover (P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> ) <sup>‡</sup>	(32 49 70 86 99)		(49 66 75 99 99)		(66 83 87 99 99)	



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### Vegetation Summary (cont'd)\*

Species Name <sup>†</sup>	Association CNVC00237		Subassociation 237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>		Subassociation 237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	
	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>
<b>Understory Herbs and Dwarf Shrubs</b>						
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	11	89	11	92	8	80
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	5	71	6	82	4	60
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	5	70	6	83	5	40
<i>Lysimachia borealis</i>	3	68	3	78	3	36
<i>Gaultheria hispida</i>	4	67	3	57	3	68
<i>Linnaea borealis</i>	4	55	3	71	4	40
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i>	6	54	7	65	4	48
<i>Dryopteris spinulosa complex</i>	3	53	3	71	2	20
<i>Coptis trifolia</i>	2	48	2	68	2	28
<i>Lycopodium obscurum</i>	2	43	2	60	2	32
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	4	39	5	46	3	24
<i>Solidago macrophylla</i>	3	37	3	46	2	28
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	10	30	14	35	3	16
<i>Poaceae</i>	3	29	3	31	2	44
<i>Carex sp.</i>	2	29	2	29	2	36
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	2	21	2	11	2	36
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	2	18	2	20	2	8
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i>	4	17	3	20	2	16
<i>Oxalis montana</i>	3	14	3	3	-	-
<i>Monotropa uniflora</i>	2	10	2	20	-	-
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	3	5	2	5	2	4
<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i>	4	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Dryopteris intermedia</i>	4	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Anaphalis margaritacea</i>	2	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	2	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Solidago rugosa</i>	2	1	-	-	2	4
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	1	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	1	1	-	-	-	-
<b>Herb Stratum Cover (P<sub>10</sub> P<sub>25</sub> Mean P<sub>75</sub> P<sub>90</sub>)<sup>‡</sup></b>	(3 16 28 50 70)		(3 16 34 50 70)		(3 3 16 16 33)	
<b>Bryophytes and Lichens</b>						
<i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	22	95	12	95	28	100
<i>Dicranum sp.</i>	4	85	4	92	3	88
<i>Polytrichum sp.</i>	3	69	3	80	3	76
<i>Cladina rangiferina</i>	3	67	3	71	4	80
<i>Cladonia sp.</i>	2	64	2	69	3	68
<i>Ptilium crista-castrensis</i>	3	50	2	51	3	44
<i>Cladina mitis</i>	3	47	2	45	3	64
<i>Sphagnum sp.</i>	4	46	3	57	8	40
<i>Cladina stellaris</i>	2	25	2	22	3	44
<i>Hylocomium splendens</i>	6	20	2	8	2	8
<i>Sphagnum fuscum</i>	2	14	2	15	2	28
<i>Rhytidadelphus triquetrus</i>	2	2	3	3	-	-



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### Vegetation Summary (cont'd)\*

Species Name†	Association CNVC00237		Subassociation 237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>		Subassociation 237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	
	% Cover‡	% Presence^	% Cover‡	% Presence^	% Cover‡	% Presence^
<b>Bryophytes and Lichens (cont'd)</b>						
<i>Brachythecium rutabulum</i>	1	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Dicranum scoparium</i>	1	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Dicranum undulatum</i>	1	1	-	-	-	-
<b>Bryo-Lichen Stratum Cover</b>						
(P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> )‡	(3 3 30 50 70)		(3 3 17 16 50)		(3 16 39 70 70)	

\* species present in > 20% of sample plots are listed

† see **Botanical Nomenclature** link at <http://cnvc-cnvc.ca> for botanical sources, synonyms and common names

‡ average percent cover of a species within the plots in which it occurs (i.e., characteristic cover)

^ percent frequency occurrence for a species within the total plots

‡ P<sub>x</sub> = X<sup>th</sup> percentile (e.g., P<sub>10</sub> = 10<sup>th</sup> percentile)



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## Vegetation Summary (cont'd)\*

Species Name <sup>†</sup>	Subassociation 237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>		Subassociation 237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>		Subassociation 237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	
	29 plots		36 plots		2 plots	
	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>
<b>Overstory Trees</b>						
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	41	100	53	100	63	100
<i>Picea mariana</i>	8	62	9	75	-	-
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	4	72	9	78	1	50
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	5	48	11	25	4	50
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	9	14	2	22	1	50
<i>Picea glauca</i>	5	45	5	31	-	-
<i>Pinus banksiana</i>	10	7	-	-	-	-
<i>Sorbus americana</i>	3	3	7	11	-	-
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	7	41	3	6	-	-
Tree Stratum Cover (P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> ) <sup>‡</sup>	(32 49 62 83 89)		(42 63 72 86 99)		(65 66 66 66 67)	
<b>Understory Woody Shrubs and Regenerating Trees</b>						
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	8	97	9	100	-	-
<i>Picea mariana</i>	12	76	10	89	4	50
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	21	93	19	100	9	50
<i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>	18	72	2	69	10	100
<i>Vaccinium myrtilloides</i>	11	79	3	61	-	-
<i>Amelanchier sp.</i>	3	59	7	50	1	50
<i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>	5	52	6	47	1	100
<i>Alnus viridis</i>	11	24	8	39	1	100
<i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	6	62	3	36	21	100
<i>Salix sp.</i>	6	41	6	31	-	-
<i>Sorbus americana</i>	3	31	4	44	2	50
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	3	38	3	22	-	-
<i>Ilex mucronata</i>	3	38	5	17	-	-
<i>Ribes glandulosum</i>	3	31	2	42	1	50
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	4	38	3	19	4	50
<i>Sorbus decora</i>	3	21	4	36	-	-
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	3	34	3	17	-	-
<i>Viburnum nudum</i>	4	38	7	11	-	-
<i>Acer spicatum</i>	3	28	5	25	-	-
<i>Picea glauca</i>	3	31	5	28	-	-
<i>Viburnum edule</i>	2	7	3	22	-	-
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	6	48	4	3	-	-
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	3	21	2	17	2	50
<i>Alnus incana</i>	11	21	8	8	2	50
<i>Corylus cornuta</i>	4	31	3	3	-	-
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	3	28	-	-	-	-
Shrub Stratum Cover (P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> ) <sup>‡</sup>	(46 49 69 83 99)		(19 32 51 66 84)		(25 33 46 58 66)	



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### Vegetation Summary (cont'd)\*

Species Name <sup>†</sup>	Subassociation 237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>		Subassociation 237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>		Subassociation 237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	
	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>§</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>§</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>§</sup>
<b>Understory Herbs and Dwarf Shrubs</b>						
<i>Cornus canadensis</i>	11	79	9	94	41	100
<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	7	79	3	56	9	50
<i>Clintonia borealis</i>	4	66	4	72	1	50
<i>Lysimachia borealis</i>	2	55	2	78	4	100
<i>Gaultheria hispida</i>	6	62	4	92	-	-
<i>Linnaea borealis</i>	4	41	3	50	19	50
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i>	4	34	4	50	10	100
<i>Dryopteris spinulosa complex</i>	2	21	4	72	-	-
<i>Coptis trifolia</i>	3	38	3	39	-	-
<i>Lycopodium obscurum</i>	3	28	2	31	1	50
<i>Aralia nudicaulis</i>	3	45	3	36	-	-
<i>Solidago macrophylla</i>	3	10	4	50	-	-
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	6	55	6	11	-	-
<i>Poaceae</i>	2	24	2	19	-	-
<i>Carex sp.</i>	2	28	2	25	-	-
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	2	17	2	28	3	100
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	2	7	2	31	-	-
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i>	5	21	6	8	15	50
<i>Oxalis montana</i>	3	17	4	42	-	-
<i>Monotropa uniflora</i>	-	-	2	3	1	50
<i>Rubus pubescens</i>	3	3	3	6	4	50
<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i>	-	-	-	-	4	50
<i>Dryopteris intermedia</i>	-	-	-	-	4	50
<i>Anaphalis margaritacea</i>	-	-	-	-	2	50
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>	-	-	-	-	2	50
<i>Solidago rugosa</i>	-	-	-	-	2	50
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	-	-	-	-	1	50
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	-	-	-	-	1	50
<b>Herb Stratum Cover (P<sub>10</sub> P<sub>25</sub> Mean P<sub>75</sub> P<sub>90</sub>)<sup>‡</sup></b>	(3 16 29 50 54)		(3 13 24 33 41)		(60 66 78 89 96)	
<b>Bryophytes and Lichens</b>						
<i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	16	86	40	100	2	50
<i>Dicranum sp.</i>	7	62	4	94	-	-
<i>Polytrichum sp.</i>	2	45	2	67	-	-
<i>Cladina rangiferina</i>	5	59	2	61	-	-
<i>Cladonia sp.</i>	2	38	2	78	-	-
<i>Ptilium crista-castrensis</i>	2	17	5	78	1	50
<i>Cladina mitis</i>	4	38	2	50	-	-
<i>Sphagnum sp.</i>	3	21	5	53	-	-
<i>Cladina stellaris</i>	3	17	2	28	-	-
<i>Hylocomium splendens</i>	3	3	7	67	-	-
<i>Sphagnum fuscum</i>	2	3	2	11	-	-
<i>Rhytidadelphus triquetrus</i>	-	-	-	-	1	50



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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## ***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*** **CNVC00237**

### **Vegetation Summary (cont'd)\***

Species Name <sup>†</sup>	Subassociation 237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>		Subassociation 237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>		Subassociation 237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>	
	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>	% Cover <sup>‡</sup>	% Presence <sup>^</sup>
<b>Bryophytes and Lichens (cont'd)</b>						
<i>Brachythecium rutabulum</i>	-	-	-	-	1	100
<i>Dicranum scoparium</i>	-	-	-	-	1	100
<i>Dicranum undulatum</i>	-	-	-	-	1	50
<b>Bryo-Lichen Stratum Cover</b>						
(P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>25</sub> Mean P <sub>75</sub> P <sub>90</sub> ) <sup>‡</sup>	(3 16 23 16 54)		(33 33 52 70 90)		(2 3 4 6 6)	

\* species present in > 20% of sample plots are listed

† see **Botanical Nomenclature** link at <http://cnvc-cnvc.ca> for botanical sources, synonyms and common names

‡ average percent cover of a species within the plots in which it occurs (i.e., characteristic cover)

^ percent frequency occurrence for a species within the total plots

‡ P<sub>x</sub> = X<sup>th</sup> percentile (e.g., P<sub>10</sub> = 10<sup>th</sup> percentile)



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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Forest / Forêt

Association CNVC00237

**Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi**  
Paper Birch / Early Lowbush Blueberry – Sheep Laurel / Red-stemmed Feathermoss  
Bouleau à papier / Bleuet à feuilles étroites – Kalmia à feuilles étroites / Pleurozie dorée

## Site / Soil Characteristics

Association CNVC00237	Subassociation 237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>	Subassociation 237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>
<b>157 plots</b>	<b>65 plots</b>	<b>25 plots</b>
<b>Elevation Range (min–mean–max meters)</b>		
46–426–830	130–409–830	130–451–740
<b>Slope Gradient (% frequency)</b>		
steep (15) moderately steep (26) <b>moderate (28)</b> gentle (22) level (8) missing data (1)	steep (14) <b>moderately steep (32)</b> moderate (28) gentle (25) level (2) missing data (0)	steep (12) moderately steep (24) moderate (16) <b>gentle (36)</b> level (12) missing data (0)
<b>Aspect (% frequency)</b>		
north (22) <b>east (26)</b> south (18) west (24) level (9) missing data (1)	north (15) <b>east (32)</b> south (23) west (29) level (0) missing data (0)	north (20) east (20) south (20) west (20) level (20) missing data (0)
<b>Meso Topoposition (% frequency)</b>		
crest / upper (24) <b>mid (65)</b> lower / toe (3) level (7) missing data (1)	crest / upper (18) <b>mid (77)</b> lower / toe (5) level (0) missing data (0)	crest / upper (28) <b>mid (52)</b> lower / toe (4) level (16) missing data (0)
<b>Moisture Regime (% frequency)</b>		
very dry (1) dry (5) <b>mesic (85)</b> moist (8) wet (1)	very dry (0) dry (2) <b>mesic (92)</b> moist (6) wet (0)	very dry (0) dry (12) <b>mesic (80)</b> moist (8) wet (0)
<b>Nutrient Regime (% frequency)</b>		
missing data (100)	missing data (100)	missing data (100)



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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## ***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*** **CNVC00237**

### **Site / Soil Characteristics (cont'd)**

	Association CNVC00237	Subassociation 237a <i>Alnus viridis</i>	Subassociation 237b <i>Rhododendron groenlandicum</i>
<b>Soil Parent Material (% frequency)</b>			
bedrock (4)	bedrock (2)	bedrock (4)	bedrock (4)
colluvium (2)	colluvium (3)	colluvium (0)	colluvium (0)
eolian (1)	eolian (0)	eolian (4)	eolian (4)
<b>moraine / till (87)</b>	<b>moraine / till (91)</b>	<b>moraine / till (88)</b>	<b>moraine / till (88)</b>
glaciofluvial (4)	glaciofluvial (0)	glaciofluvial (4)	glaciofluvial (4)
glaciolacustrine (1)	glaciolacustrine (2)	glaciolacustrine (0)	glaciolacustrine (0)
marine (1)	marine (3)	marine (0)	marine (0)
organic (1)	organic (0)	organic (0)	organic (0)
<b>Soil Rooting Zone Substrate (% frequency)</b>			
non-soil (6)	non-soil (5)	non-soil (4)	non-soil (4)
sandy (6)	sandy (5)	sandy (12)	sandy (12)
coarse loamy (14)	coarse loamy (17)	coarse loamy (12)	coarse loamy (12)
fine loamy (1)	fine loamy (0)	fine loamy (0)	fine loamy (0)
silty (1)	silty (2)	silty (0)	silty (0)
organic (1)	organic (0)	organic (0)	organic (0)
missing data (71)	missing data (72)	missing data (72)	missing data (72)
<b>Root Restricting Depth (% frequency)</b>			
0 – 20 cm (13)	0 – 20 cm (15)	0 – 20 cm (8)	0 – 20 cm (8)
<b>21 – 99 cm (59)</b>	<b>21 – 99 cm (55)</b>	<b>21 – 99 cm (72)</b>	<b>21 – 99 cm (72)</b>
missing data (28)	missing data (29)	missing data (20)	missing data (20)
<b>Humus Form (% frequency)</b>			
<b>mor (90)</b>	<b>mor (98)</b>	<b>mor (80)</b>	<b>moder (12)</b>
moder (5)	moder (2)	mull (0)	mull (0)
mull (1)	mull (0)	peatymor (0)	peatymor (8)
peatymor (3)	peatymor (0)	missing data (0)	missing data (0)
missing data (1)	missing data (0)	missing data (0)	missing data (0)



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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Forest / Forêt

Association CNVC00237

***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi***  
Paper Birch / Early Lowbush Blueberry – Sheep Laurel / Red-stemmed Feathermoss  
Bouleau à papier / Bleuet à feuilles étroites – Kalmia à feuilles étroites / Pleurozie dorée

## Site / Soil Characteristics (cont'd)

	Subassociation 237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>	Subassociation 237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	Subassociation 237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>
<b>29 plots</b>	<b>36 plots</b>	<b>2 plots</b>	
<b>Elevation Range (min–mean–max meters)</b>	150–379–665	235–498–805	46–69–91
<b>Slope Gradient (% frequency)</b>	steep (10) moderately steep (10) <b>moderate (34)</b> gentle (17) level (28) missing data (0)	steep (25) moderately steep (31) <b>moderate (33)</b> gentle (11) level (0) missing data (0)	steep (0) moderately steep (0) moderate (0) gentle (50) level (0) missing data (50)
<b>Aspect (% frequency)</b>	north (17) east (14) south (14) west (24) <b>level (31)</b> missing data (0)	<b>north (42)</b> east (31) south (8) west (19) level (0) missing data (0)	north (0) east (0) south (50) west (0) level (0) missing data (50)
<b>Meso Topoposition (% frequency)</b>	crest / upper (38) <b>mid (41)</b> lower / toe (0) level (21) missing data (0)	crest / upper (19) <b>mid (75)</b> lower / toe (3) level (3) missing data (0)	crest / upper (0) mid (0) lower / toe (0) level (0) missing data (100)
<b>Moisture Regime (% frequency)</b>	very dry (3) dry (14) <b>mesic (69)</b> moist (7) wet (7)	very dry (0) dry (0) <b>mesic (89)</b> moist (11) wet (0)	very dry (0) dry (0) <b>mesic (100)</b> moist (0) wet (0)
<b>Nutrient Regime (% frequency)</b>	missing data (100)	missing data (100)	missing data (100)



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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## ***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*** **CNVC00237**

### **Site / Soil Characteristics (cont'd)**

	Subassociation 237c <i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i>	Subassociation 237d <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	Subassociation 237e <i>Kalmia angustifolia</i>
<b>Soil Parent Material (% frequency)</b>			
bedrock	(10)	bedrock	(6)
colluvium	(0)	colluvium	(3)
eolian	(0)	eolian	(0)
<b>moraine / till</b>	<b>(76)</b>	<b>moraine / till</b>	<b>(86)</b>
glaciofluvial	(10)	glaciofluvial	(6)
glaciolacustrine	(0)	glaciolacustrine	(0)
marine	(0)	marine	(0)
organic	(3)	organic	(0)
<b>Soil Rooting Zone Substrate (% frequency)</b>			
non-soil	(10)	non-soil	(8)
sandy	(3)	sandy	(8)
coarse loamy	(10)	coarse loamy	(14)
fine loamy	(0)	fine loamy	(3)
silty	(0)	silty	(3)
organic	(3)	organic	(0)
missing data	(72)	missing data	(64)
<b>Root Restricting Depth (% frequency)</b>			
0 – 20 cm	(21)	0 – 20 cm	(8)
<b>21 – 99 cm</b>	<b>(59)</b>	<b>21 – 99 cm</b>	<b>(58)</b>
missing data	(21)	missing data	(33)
<b>Humus Form (% frequency)</b>			
<b>mor</b>	<b>(83)</b>	<b>mor</b>	<b>(94)</b>
moder	(7)	moder	(6)
mull	(3)	mull	(0)
peatymor	(7)	peatymor	(0)
missing data	(0)	missing data	(0)



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## Forest / Forêt

Association CNVC00237

***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi***  
Paper Birch / Early Lowbush Blueberry – Sheep Laurel / Red-stemmed Feathermoss  
Bouleau à papier / Bleuet à feuilles étroites – Kalmia à feuilles étroites / Pleurozie dorée

## Additional Characteristics

Species of High Conservation Concern:

Non-native Species:

Management Issues:

## Type Statistics

Internal Similarity:

Confidence:

Strength:

## Related Concepts

Similar CNVC Associations:

CNVC00238 [*Populus tremuloides* (*Betula papyrifera*) / *Diervilla lonicera*] occurs in Quebec on slightly richer sites. It typically has *Populus tremuloides* rather than *Betula papyrifera* dominant and less abundant ericaceous shrub cover.

CNVC00239 [*Betula papyrifera* (*Populus tremuloides*) / *Acer spicatum* / *Clintonia borealis*] occurs in Quebec on moister, richer sites and has abundant *Acer spicatum*, rather than heath species, in the shrub layer.

CNVC00242 [*Betula papyrifera* / *Alnus incana*] occurs in Quebec on moister, richer sites and has abundant *Alnus incana* in the shrub layer.

CNVC00269 [*Betula papyrifera* / *Vaccinium angustifolium* / *Pleurozium schreberi*] is described from the north shore of Lake Superior in Ontario but is not well sampled. It lacks *Kalmia angustifolia*.

CNVC00315 [*Betula papyrifera* – *B. alleghaniensis* / *Dryopteris carthusiana*] occurs in the western part of insular Newfoundland on mesic, medium sites. It often includes *Betula alleghaniensis* in the overstory and has abundant *Dryopteris carthusiana*, rather than ericaceous species, in the understory.

CNVC00316 [*Betula papyrifera* / *Alnus viridis* / *Solidago macrophylla*] occurs in the western part of insular Newfoundland on moister, richer sites and has more nutrient-demanding species, rather than ericaceous shrubs, in the understory.

CNVC00349 [*Betula papyrifera* (*Populus tremuloides*) / *Dryopteris carthusiana* – *Rubus pubescens*] occurs in Newfoundland and Labrador on moist, rich sites and has more nutrient-demanding species in the understory, rather than ericaceous shrubs.

Related United States National Vegetation Classification Associations:

Relationships with Other Classifications:

CNVC00237 includes the concept of BK #29 Kalmia – Birch from Meades & Moores 1994.

## Comments



# Canadian National Vegetation Classification (CNVC) Classification nationale de la végétation du Canada (CNVC)

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## ***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*** **CNVC00237**

### Source Information

Number of source plots for CNVC00237: 157

Number of source plots for 237a *Alnus viridis*: 65

Number of source plots for 237b *Rhododendron groenlandicum*: 25

Number of source plots for 237c *Vaccinium angustifolium*: 29

Number of source plots for 237d *Pleurozium schreberi*: 36

Number of source plots for 237e *Kalmia angustifolia*: 2

#### Information Sources:

Ministère des Ressources naturelles, de la Faune et des Parcs, Forêt Québec. 2003. Base de données des points d'observation écologique (version 2003). Gouv. du Qué., Min. des Res. nat., de la Faune et des Parcs, Forêt Qué., Dir. des inv. for., QC.

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**Concept Authors:** K. Baldwin, K. Chapman, B. Meades, C. Morneau

**Description Authors:** B. Meades, K. Chapman, J.-P. Saucier and K. Baldwin

**Date of Concept:** January, 2011

**Date of Description:** March, 2016

### Classification References:

Bergeron, J.-F.; Grondin, P.; Blouin, J. 1999. Rapport de classification écologique du sous-domaine bioclimatique de la pessière à mousses de l'ouest. Min. des Res. nat. du Qué., Dir. des inv. for., Sainte-Foy, QC.

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## ***Betula papyrifera / Vaccinium angustifolium – Kalmia angustifolia / Pleurozium schreberi*** **CNVC00237**

### **Characterization References (cont'd):**

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The information contained in this factsheet is based on data and expert knowledge that is current to the date of description. As new information becomes available, the factsheet will be updated.

For more information about the contents of this factsheet and definitions of attribute names and data classes, see the **Understanding the Factsheet** link at <http://cnvc-cnvc.ca>.

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